## CRAWFORD SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND GOVERNMENT

## Post-Conflict Governments 1975-2004: Determinants of Success

## **Catherine Riordan**

Tuesday 3 March 2009 12.30 – 1.30pm Seminar Room 4 First Floor, Crawford Building Light lunch will be provided

Re-establishing governments after conflict has been a major task undertaken by international organisations during the 1990s and early 2000s. Along with new norms of intervention into inter- and intrastate conflict by bodies such as the UN came new expectations that countries would be assisted towards democracy after conflict. These democracy-building projects, however, have met with mixed success. This research project aims to evaluate which factors offer the most persuasive explanation for the success or failure of governments after conflict: characteristics of the conflict, institutional arrangements put in place after the conflict, or characteristics of the country itself. It uses a new dataset to consider which may be most important, and uses countries not involved in conflict as a control group.

**Catherine Riordan** is a graduate of the Australian National University in Arts and Law, and worked as a lawyer in the ACT and NSW Governments for ten years after her graduation. She was Deputy Privacy Commissioner for New South Wales, and Project Manager of an aid project assisting the legal sector in Vanuatu under contract to AusAID. She obtained a Masters in Public Administration from the John F Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University in 2003, and is currently working towards her PhD in Political Science at Trinity College Dublin.



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